

(2) The terms of office of the members of the Committee, excluding ex-officio members shall be two years.

(3) The Affiliation Committee may co-opt not more than three experts.

(4) The quorum for a meeting of or an inspection by the Affiliation Committee shall be three members.

(5) An officer of the University to be designated by the Vice Chancellor for this purpose shall act as the Secretary of the Committee.

Karachi;
Dated the 6th October, 1993.

HAKIM MUHAMMAD SAID
Governor of Sindh.

PRINTED AT THE SINDH GOVERNMENT PRESS KARACHI.

(1250) 6-10-1993-111



Registered.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



From: Muhammad Ibrahim Khan,
Deputy Educational Adviser.
Tele: J25159.

GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

ISLAMABAD

No.F.2-3/93-JE.I.

July 19, 1993.

Subject: - ESTABLISHMENT OF SIR SYED UNIVERSITY OF
ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY AT KARACHI

Dear Sir,

Please refer to your letter No.AMU/OBA/93
dated 28th June, 1993 on the above subject.

2. The proposal for establishment of Sir Syed University of Engineering and Technology at Karachi has been examined in consultation with University Grants Commission. Ministry of Education has no objection to the establishment of proposed institution subject to no financial liability on the Government of Pakistan and fulfilment of conditions as laid down in University Grants Commission letter No.5-3/ Acad-II/93 dated 14th April, 1993 (Draft Brochures on "How to set up University in Private Sector is enclosed).

3. Since the Institution is to be established in the Province of Sind the Sponsor may contact Government of Sind for further action. i.e. issuance of letter of intent etc.

Yours faithfully


(Muhammad Ibrahim Khan)

Mr.Z.A. Nizami,
Chairman,
Aligarh Muslim University,
Old Boys Association,
K A R A C H I .

HOW TO ESTABLISH A PRIVATE UNIVERSITY/INSTITUTION

University Education has expanded considerably during the last few decades. The number of universities in public sector has increased from two in 1948 to 23 in 1992. The present enrolment in universities stands at 80,000 representing a participation rate of 0.09% of the relevant age group. In spite of this increase demand for higher education is escalating rapidly in view of its assured high rate of return. Modern university education, especially in science and technology is highly cost intensive. As the scarcity of public finance, apart from consolidation of existing universities, will not allow further desired expansion of university education, a deliberate effort is being made to attract private sector to come forward. The Government has, therefore, adopted a liberal policy for encouraging the private sector to establish high quality institutions.

However, it should be made clear that universities are not materialised industries to charge full fee cost of services. It is, indeed, a respectable sector of social service to the community.

OBJECTIVES

The main objectives of privatization for the university system must be:

1. Enabling the private sector to establish universities so that it can better serve the needs of the nation, but, it should not be termed a commercial venture.
2. Providing increased access to higher education.
3. Participating in Government's endeavour to develop education in the country.

It is intended to encourage philanthropic organisations to undertake the task with ease. At the same time the private sector should be made responsible for some moral, ethical and legal bindings and subject to proper monitoring.

GUIDELINES

Some guidelines are set out below for information of the public:

Criteria

While submitting a proposal, provision of the following documents/information may be ensured:

1. Comprehensive feasibility report, financial plan including justification, educational purposes, and benefits to be derived from the proposed institution are to be accrued to the society.
2. Availability of infrastructure, physical facilities like building, faculty, level of courses of studies, etc.
3. Adequate financial resources for initial establishment of the institution and a reasonable estimation of financial viability of project because any such institution is required to be run on self-financing and non-profit basis. Any such institution be established by a society registered under the Societies Act. Later it should be affiliated with a Board/University in which jurisdiction it falls. If they desire otherwise the institution/university should indicate whether they desire independent sphere of operation

under its own Charter or accreditation with National Council of Academic Awards and Accreditation.

GY

4. An endowment/non-profit public welfare trust be established in the name of the institution, with sufficient financial support, to guarantee availability of recurring cost of the institution.
5. Representation of public sector agencies like UGC, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Finance, Planning and Provincial Education Departments etc. be ensured on Boards of Studies, Governors, Finance Committee, and other relevant bodies dealing with administration and academic matters like service statutes, fee charges, scholarships etc.
6. Fulfilment of required legal formalities such as proper registration/affiliation/enactment etc. including registration under Societies Act and or as a TRUST.
7. Standard and quality of teaching and efficiency of the system must also have to be ensured other than financial viability of the institutes.

(Regarding establishment of institutions in affiliation with foreign institutions, separate procedure is being laid down.)

Operational Procedure

1. Educational institutions established in private sector can seek:
 - (i) Grants and loans from Education Foundation established at Federal as well as Provincial levels, subject to fulfilment of their requirements.
 - (ii) Interest-free loans from Banks.
 - (iii) Plots in residential schemes on reserved price as per procedure laid down for the purpose.
 - (iv) Rebate on income tax as given to industry subject to usual terms and conditions.
2. Mobilization of funds from business community and philanthropists.
3. Provision of equipment, technical know-how and prototypes from National Education Equipment Centre.

MONITORING/VISITATION

Every such institution established in private sector will be subject to monitoring and visitation as the UGC/Ministry of Education may determine from time to time.

N



NO.PA/AES(ACD)(MISC)/93-013

GOVERNMENT OF SINDH
EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

Karachi, dated the 3.8.1993 19

From:- DR. WAKEEL KUREISHI
Additional Secretary.

SUBJECT:- ESTABLISHMENT OF "SIR SYED UNIVERSITY OF
ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY AT KARACHI

Kindly refer to your letter No.AMU/OBA/
93/786 dated July 26, 1993 on the above subject
and to inform you that the Government of Sindh
has no objection to the establishment of proposed
institution subject to no financial liability on
the Government of Sindh and fulfilment of conditions
as laid down in Ministry of Education letter No.F.2-3/93
UE.I dated July 19, 1993.

2. The Administrative Department shall be pleased
to intent on getting progress of the project as mentioned
in Clause 7 of your proposal for setting up of the
University.

W.K.
3.08.1993.

(DR. WAKEEL KUREISHI)

To,

DR. Z.A. NIZAMI,
Chairman,
Aligarh Muslim University,
Old Boys Association,
Karachi.